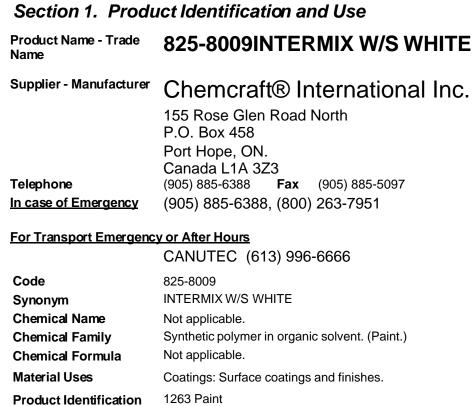
MaterialSafety DataSheet



Number (PIN)

Section 2. Hazardous Ingredients

			Exposure	<u>limits</u>
Name	CAS #	% by Weight	LC50/LD50	TLV/PEL
Light aromatic naphtha	64742-95-6	45 - 50	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 6960 mg/kg [Rat.].	TWA: 25 ppm ACGIH (United States). TWA: 123 mg/m ³
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	20 - 25	Not available.	TWA: 25 ppm CEIL: 35 ppm TWA: 125 mg/m ³ CEIL: 170 mg/m ³
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	5 - 10	ORAL (LD50): Acute: >24000 mg/kg [Rat].	OSHA (United States). CEIL: 20 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL (United States)
Xylenes	1330-20-7	1 - 5	ORAL (LD50): Acute: 4300 mg/kg [Rat].	ACGIH (United States, 1992). TWA: 100 ppm STEL: 150 ppm TWA: 434 mg/m ³ STEL: 651 mg/m ³

Trace impurities and additional material names not listed above may appear in other sections of this MSDS. These materials may be listed for toxicological concerns, local compliance, or other reasons.

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Section 3. Physical Data

Physical State and Appearance	Liquid.				
Color	Not available.	Odor	Not available.	Taste	Not available.
Molecular Weight	Not applicable.				
pH (1% soln/water)	Neutral.				
Boiling Point	The lowest known value is	s 100°C (2	212°F) (Water). Weigh	ted average	e: 154.93°C (310.9°F)
Melting Point	May start to solidify at 0 (-55.1°F))°C (32°F) based on data for:	Water. We	eighted average: -48.41°C
Critical Temperature	Not available.				
Specific Gravity	0.9836 (Water = 1)				
Vapor Pressure	The highest known value kPa (3.38 mm Hg) (at 20°		2a (17.2 mm Hg) (at 2	0°C) (Wate	r). Weighted average: 0.45
Vapor Density	The highest known value 1)	is 4.14 (<i>F</i>	Air = 1) (1,2,4-Trimeth	ylbenzene).	Weighted average: 4 (Air =
Volatility	Not available.				
Odor Threshold	The lowest known value is	s 0.3 ppm	(Benzene, dimethyl-)	Weighted a	verage: 0.63 ppm
Water/Oil Dist. Coeff.	The product is much more	e soluble i	n octanol.		
Ionicity (in Water)	Not available.				
Dispersion Properties	Not dispersible in cold wa See solubility in methanol	,		e.	
Solubility	Easily soluble in diethyl et Soluble in methanol. Insoluble in cold water, ho		anol, acetone.		

Section 4. Fire and Explosion Hazard

The Product is:	Flammable.
Fire Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge. Non-flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: heat, shocks and mechanical impacts, oxidizing materials, reducing materials, combustible materials, organic materials, metals, acids, alkalis and moisture.
Fire Fighting Media and Instructions	SMALL FIRE: Use dry chemical powder. LARGE FIRE: Use water spray or fog. Cool containers with water jet in order to prevent pressure build-up, auto-ignition or explosion.
Special Remarks on Fire Hazards	Vapor may travel considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.)
Flash Points	The lowest known value is Closed cup: 24°C (75.2°F). (Tagliabue.). Open cup: 37.8°C (100°F). (Cleveland). (Benzene, dimethyl-)
Flammable Limits	The greatest known range is Lower: 0.6% Upper: 7% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.)
Auto-Ignition Temperature	The lowest known value is 465°C (869°F) (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.).
Products of Combustion	nThese products are carbon oxides (CO, CO2). Some metallic oxides.
Explosion Hazards in Presence of Various Substances	Highly explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge. Non-explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: heat, shocks and mechanical impacts, oxidizing materials, reducing materials, combustible materials, organic materials, metals, acids, alkalis and moisture.
Special Remarks on Explosion Hazards	Not available.

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Section 5. Reactivity Data

Stability	The product is stable.
Decomposition products	Not available.
Conditions of Instabil	ityNot available.
Incompatibility with various substances	Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials. Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials, organic materials, metals, acids and alkalis. Non-reactive or compatible with the following materials: combustible materials and moisture.
Corrosivity	Not available.
Special Remarks on Reactivity	Incompatible with hydrogen fluoride. (Silica amorphous, fumed, crystfree)
Special Remarks on Corrosivity	Not available.

Section 6. Toxicological Properties

Routes of Entry	Inhalation. Ingestion.
Toxicity to Animals	Acute oral toxicity (LD50): 4300 mg/kg [Rat]. (Benzene, dimethyl-).
Effects of Acute Exposure	Very hazardous in case of ingestion. Hazardous in case of inhalation.
Chronic Effects on Humans	 CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Classified 2B (Possible for humans.) by IARC [Titanium dioxide (TiO2)]. Classified A4 (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by ACGIH [Titanium dioxide (TiO2)]. Classified 4 (Probably not for humans.) by IARC, None. by OSHA [Silica amorphous, fumed, crystfree]. Classified 4 (Probably not for humans.) by IARC, None. by OSHA [Silica amorphous, fumed, crystfree]. Classified 4 (Probably not for humans.) by IARC, None. by OSHA [2-Butanone, oxime]. MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS Not available. DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: Not available. The substance is toxic to kidneys, the nervous system, liver. Repeated or prolonged exposure to the substance can produce target organs damage.
Special Remarks on Toxicity to Animals	Not available.
Special Remarks on Chronic Effects on Humans	Prolonged or repeated contact with skin can cause defatting and drying of the skin resulting in skin irritaion and dermatitis. Prolonged exposure to high vapour concentration can cause headache, dizziness, nausea and central nervous system depression. High level exposure to Xylene in laboratory animals, often at levels which are toxic to the mother, have affected the development of the fetus. The revelance of this to humans is not known. (Benzene, dimethyl-)
Special Remarks on Other Toxic Effects on Humans	Material is irritating to mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Narcotic in high concentrations. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.)
Exposure Limits	Not available.

Section 7. Preventive Measures

Personal ProtectionSafety glasses. Lab coat. Vapor respirator. Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or
equivalent. Impervious gloves.Personal Protection in
Case of a Large SpillSplash goggles. Full suit. Vapor respirator. Boots. Gloves. Self-contained breathing apparatus
(SCBA) should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might
not be adequate. Consult a specialist before handling this product.Engineering ControlsProvide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of
vapors below their respective occupational exposure limits. Ensure that eyewash stations and
safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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Small Spill	Absorb with an inert material and transfer the spilled material and absorbent to an appropriate waste disposal container.
Large Spill	Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Stop leak if without risk. Absorb with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Do not allow water to enter container. Do not touch spilled material. Prevent entry into sewers, basements or confined areas. Dike if necessary. Call for assistance on disposal.
Waste Disposal	Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local environmental control regulations.
Precautions	Keep locked up. Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition. Ground all equipment containing material. Do not ingest. Do not breathe gas/fumes/ vapor/spray. Wear suitable protective clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If ingested, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or the label. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from incompatibles such as oxidizing agents, reducing agents, organic materials, acids, alkalis.
Storage	Store in a segregated and approved area. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
TDG Classification	3
PIN	1263 Paint PG: II
Special Provisions for Transport	-
Federal and State Regulations	 WARNING: This product contains chemical/chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.: Quartz (SiO2) WARNING: This product contains chemical/chemicals known to the state of California to cause reproductive harm (male).: Benzene WARNING: This product contains chemical/chemicals known to the state of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.: Benzene WARNING: This product contains chemical/chemicals known to the state of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.: Benzene WARNING: This product contains chemical/chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer.: Benzene; Quartz (SiO2) Illinois toxic substances disclosure to employee act: Benzene, ethyl-New York release reporting list: Methanol New York release reporting list: Methanol New York acutely hazardous substances: Benzene, ethyl-; Methanol Pennsylvania RTK: Benzene, dimethyl-; 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene; Benzene, ethyl-; 1,2-Propanediol; Methanol: (environmental hazard) Florida: Benzene, ethyl-; Methanol Massachusetts RTK: Benzene, ethyl-; Methanol Massachusetts RTK: Benzene, dimethyl-; Benzene, ethyl-; Methanol TSCA 8(b) inventory: Benzene, dimethyl-; Benzene, ethyl- SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Benzene, dimethyl-: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Benzene, ethyl-: 1000 lbs. (4536 kg); Isobutyl alcohol; Methanol;
Other Regulations	OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Other Classifications	WHMISClass B-2: Flammable liquid(Canada)Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).HCS (U.S.A.)Contains material which may cause cancer Target organ effects
Hazardous Motorial	Health Hazard * 1
Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)	
	Fire Hazard 3
	Reactivity 0
	Personal G Protection

National Fire Protection	Health	1
Association (U.S.A.)	Fire Hazard	3
	Reactivity	0
	Specific Hazard	

Section 8. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention.

Hazardous Skin Contact_{Not available}.

Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.
Hazardous Inhalation	Move the victim to a safe area as soon as possible. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek medical attention.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Examine the lips and mouth to ascertain if the tissues are damaged, a possible indication that toxic material was ingested. The absence of such signs, however, is not conclusive. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If the victim is not breathing, perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Seek immediate medical attention.
Hazardous Ingestion	Not available.

Section 9. Preparation Information

References	-Manufacturers Material Safety Data Sheets.	
Other Special Considerations	Not available.	
Related Information	This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR, and the MSDS contains all the information required by CPR.	
Preparation Information Validated by S.Bice on 2/11/2008.		
	Verified by S.Bice.	
	Printed 3/31/2009.	
Information Contact	Prepared by the Health, Safety and Environment Department, Chemcraft International Inc., P.O. Box 458, 155, Rose Glen Road North, Port Hope, ON. Canada. Phone: 905 885-6388 Fax: 905 885-5097	

Notice to Reader

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