

CHEMTREC Transportation Emergency Phone: 800-424-9300 Pittsburgh Poison Control Center Health Emergency No.: 412-681-6669 NOTE: The CHEMTREC Transportation Emergency Phone is to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals

Section 1 - Chemical Product / Company Information

Product Name:	CARBOGUARD 890 VOC PART A	Revision Date:	03/24/2009
Identification Number:	PLMSDS 1029A1NL	Supercedes :	07/17/2007
Product Use/Class:	Cycloaliphatic Amine Epoxy - FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY		
		Preparer:	Regulatory, Department
Manufacturer:	Carboline Company 2150 Schuetz Road		

Section 2 - Composition / Information On Ingredients

St. Louis, MO 63146

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Weight % Less Tha	nACGIH TLV-TWA	ACGIH TLV-STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA-CEIL
EPOXY RESIN	25068-38-6	30.0	NE	NE	NE	NE
MICROCRYSTALLINE SILICA	14808-60-7	25.0	0.025 MG/M3 (respirable)	N/E	0.1 MG/M3 (respirable)	N/E
EPOXY RESIN	25036-25-3	25.0	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E
1,2- BENZENEDICARBOXIOLIC ACID, DI-C6-12- BRANCHED AND LINEAR ALKYL ESTERS	392662-40-7	20.0	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E
PARACHLOROBENZO TRIFLUORIDE	98-56-6	10.0	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E
META-XYLENE	108-38-3	5.0	434 Mg/M3	651 Mg/M3	434 Mg/M3	N/E
SILICA AMORPHOUS	67762-90-7	5.0	10 MG/M3, INHALABLE	N/E	6 MG/M3	N/E
PARA-XYLENE	106-42-3	5.0	100 PPM	150 PPM	435 MGM3	N/E
ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4	5.0	100 PPM	125 PPM	435 MGM3	N/E
ORTHO-XYLENE	95-47-6	5.0	434 Mg/M3	651 Mg/M3	434 Mg/M3	N/E

Section 3 - Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview: Warning! May cause allergic skin reactions. May cause irritation. Contains SILICA which can cause cancer. Risk of Cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. COMBUSTIBLE liquid and vapor.

Effects Of Overexposure - Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation.

Effects Of Overexposure - Skin Contact: May cause allergic skin reaction. Direct skin contact may cause irritation.

Effects Of Overexposure - Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled, may affect the brain or nervous system, causing dizziness, headache, or nausea. May cause nose and throat irritation.

Effects Of Overexposure - Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed.

Effects Of Overexposure - Chronic Hazards: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Crystalline silica is known to cause silicosis. Crystalline silica (Quartz) is classified as a known human carcinogen

(Group 1) by IARC. Exposure is by route of inhalation. If material is in a liquid matrix it is unlikely to be inhaled. However, when sanding or grinding the finished product, there may be potential for crystalline silica to become airborne.

Primary Route(s) Of Entry: Skin Contact, Skin Absorption, Inhalation, Ingestion, Eye Contact

Medical Conditions Prone to Aggravation by Exposure: If you have a condition that could be aggravated by exposure to dust or organic vapors, see a physician prior to use. If sensitized to amines, epoxies, or other chemicals do not use. See a physician if a medical condition exists.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

First Aid - Eye Contact: If material gets into eyes, flush with water immediately for 15 minutes. Consult a physician.

First Aid - Skin Contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Launder clothing before reuse. If rash or irritation develops, consult a physician.

First Aid - Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Administer oxygen if necessary. Consult a physician if symptoms persist or exposure was severe.

First Aid - Ingestion: If swallowed do not induce vomiting. Seek immediate medical attention.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Point, F: 109F (43C) (Setaflash)

Lower Explosive Limit, %: 0.5 Upper Explosive Limit, %: 10.5

Extinguishing Media: Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam, Water Fog

Unusual Fire And Explosion Hazards: Combustible Liquid. Vapors are heavier than air and will accumulate. Vapors will form explosive concentrations with air. Vapors travel long distances and will flashback. Use mechanical ventilation when necessary to keep percent vapor below the "Lower Explosion Level" (LEL). Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep away from sparks, open flames and heat sources. All electric equipment and installations should be made and grounded in accordance with the National Electrical Code. In areas where explosion hazards exist, workers should be required to use non-ferrous tools and to wear conductive and non-sparking shoes.

Special Firefighting Procedures: Combustible. Cool fire-exposed containers using water spray.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Steps To Be Taken If Material Is Released Or Spilled: Eliminate all ignition sources. Handling equipment must be grounded to prevent sparking. Evacuate the area of unprotected personnel. Wear appropriate personal protection clothing and equipment. Follow exposure controls/personal protection guidelines in Section 8. Contain and soak up residual with an aborbent (clay or sand). Take up absorbant material and seal tightly for proper disposal. Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Refer to Section 15 for SARA Title III and CERCLA information.

Section 7 - Handling And Storage

Handling: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Wear personal protection equipment. Do not breathe vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling. If pouring or transferring materials, ground all containers and tools. Do not weld, heat, cut or drill on full or empty containers. Use only in accordance with Carboline application instructions, container label and Product Data Sheet. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist.

Storage: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and oxidizing agents. Keep containers closed. Store in a cool, dry place with adequate ventilation.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Use explosion-proof ventilation when required to keep below health exposure guidelines and Lower Explosion Limit (LEL).

Respiratory Protection: Use only with ventilation to keep levels below exposure guidelines listed in Section 2. User should test and monitor exposure levels to ensure all personnel are below guidelines. If not sure, or not able to monitor, use MSHA/NIOSH approved supplied air respirator. Follow all current OSHA requirements for respirator use. For silica containing coatings in a liquid state, and/or if no exposure limits are established in Section 2 above, supplied air respirators are generally not required.

Skin Protection: Recommend impervious gloves and clothing to avoid skin contact. If material penetrates to skin, change gloves and clothing. The use of protective creams may be beneficial to certain individuals. Protective creams should be applied before exposure.

Eye Protection: Recommend safety glasses with side shields or chemical goggles to avoid eye contact.

Other protective equipment: Eye wash and safety showers should be readily available.

Hygienic Practices: Wash with soap and water before eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics, or using toilet facilities. Use of a hand cleaner is recommended. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Leather shoes can absorb and allow hazardous materials to pass through. Check shoes carefully after soaking before reuse.

Section 9 - Physical And Chemical Properties

Boiling Range: Odor: Appearance:	176 F (80 C) - 486 F (252 C) Epoxy Viscous Liquid, Various Colors	Vapor Density: Odor Threshold: Evaporation Rate:	Heavier than Air N/D Slower Than Ether
Solubility in H2O:	N/D		
Freeze Point: Vapor Pressure: Physical State:	N/D N/D Liquid	Specific Gravity: PH:	app. 1.4 N/D

(See section 16 for abbreviation legend)

Section 10 - Stability And Reactivity

Conditions To Avoid: Heat, sparks and open flames.

Incompatibility: Keep away from strong oxidizing agents, heat and open flames.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, and unidentified organic compounds. Consider all smoke and fumes from burning material as very hazardous. Welding, cutting or abrasive grinding can create smoke and fumes. Do not breathe any fumes or smoke from these operations.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur under normal conditions.

Stability: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Product LD50: N/D

Product LC50: N/D

Chemical Name	CAS Number	LD50	LC50
EPOXY RESIN	25068-38-6	11.4G/KG RAT,ORAL	>20ML/KG SKIN,SENSITIZER
MICROCRYSTALLINE SILICA	14808-60-7	NOT AVAILABLE	NOT AVAILABLE
EPOXY RESIN	25036-25-3	NOT AVAILABLE	NOT AVAILABLE
1,2-BENZENEDICARBOXIOLIC ACID, DI-C6- 12-BRANCHED AND LINEAR ALKYL	392662-40-7	>5000 MG/KG, ORAL, RAT	NOT AVAILABLE

ESTERS			
PARACHLOROBENZO TRIFLUORIDE	98-56-6	>2.7 G/KG, RABBIT	4479 PPM
META-XYLENE	108-38-3	NOT AVAILABLE	NOT AVAILABLE
SILICA AMORPHOUS	67762-90-7	> 5000 MG/KG, ORAL , RAT	NOT AVAILABLE
PARA-XYLENE	106-42-3	NOT AVAILABLE	NOT AVAILABLE
ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4	3500 MG/KG RAT, ORAL	NOT AVAILABLE
ORTHO-XYLENE	95-47-6	NOT AVAILABLE	NOT AVAILABLE

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecological Information: No data

Section 13 - Disposal Information

Disposal Information: Dispose of in accordance with State, Local, and Federal Environmental regulations. Responsibility for proper waste disposal is with the owner of the waste.

Packing Group: III

N/A

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Hazard

Subclass:

Resp. Guide Page:

Section 14 - Transportation Information

DOT Proper Shipping Name:	Paint
DOT Technical Name:	N/A
DOT Hazard Class:	3
DOT UN/NA Number:	UN 1263

Additional Notes: None.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

CERCLA - SARA HAZARD CATEGORY

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA Hazard Categories promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

IMMEDIATE HEALTH HAZARD, CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARD, FIRE HAZARD

SARA SECTION 313

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

Chemical Name META-XYLENE PARA-XYLENE ETHYL BENZENE ORTHO-XYLENE CAS Number 108-38-3 106-42-3 100-41-4 95-47-6

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT

All components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

Chemical Name PARA-XYLENE CAS Number 106-42-3

U.S. STATE REGULATIONS AS FOLLOWS:

NEW JERSEY RIGHT-TO-KNOW

The following materials are non-hazardous, but are among the top five components in this product.

Chemical Name TITANIUM DIOXIDE YELLOW IRON OXIDE CAS Number 13463-67-7 51274-00-1

PENNSYLVANIA RIGHT-TO-KNOW

The following non-hazardous ingredients are present in the product at greater than 3%.

Chemical Name	<u>CAS Number</u>
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7
YELLOW IRON OXIDE	51274-00-1
IRON OXIDE	1332-37-2

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

Warning: The following ingredients present in the product are known to the state of California to cause Cancer:

Chemical Name MICROCRYSTALLINE SILICA ETHYL BENZENE CARBON BLACK CAS Number 14808-60-7 100-41-4 1333-86-4

Warning: The following ingredients present in the product are known to the state of California to cause birth defects, or other reproductive hazards:

Chemical Name TOLUENE CAS Number 108-88-3

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS AS FOLLOWS:

CANADIAN WHMIS

This MSDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for the use of the 16 headings.

CANADIAN WHMIS CLASS: B3 D2A D2B

HMIS Ratings Health: 2

Flammability: 2

Reactivity: 0

Personal Protection: X

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, GR/LTR MIXED (UNTHINNED): 100

REASON FOR REVISION: Changes made in Section(s) 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 11, and 15.

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

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